

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. VIII, NO. 42

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1917

\$2.00 YEARLY

F. M. Thompson Co.

The Quality Store
Groceries, Dry Goods, Clothing, Crockery and
Everything in Shoes



Coffee 55c.
Nabob Baking Powder 25c
Nabob Jelly Powders, 3 for 25c

Special shipment of 150 boxes McIntosh's Red Apples at \$2.00 net cash, \$2.50 net cash and \$2.00 net cash. Don't miss a box of these.
Men's and Boys' Eastern Brand Winter Caps.
Ladies' Wool Ties and Fancy Scarf Socks. Children's Wool Ties and Socks.
Standard's Underwear, Royal, Jockey & Lisle Socks.
Phone 25. - The Store That Saves You Money

OFFICE PHONE 1537

RESIDENCE PHONE 1541

E. J. POZZI

Contractor & Builder

Lumber Yard

DEALER IN

Rough and Dressed Lumber
Sash and Doors. Shingles and Lath
Cement and Brick Construction
All Building Materials Supplied
Plans Furnished. Estimates Given

Blairmore

Sinclair Block

Alberta

UNION BANK OF CANADA

A Savings Account for Your Wife

and a regular allowance generous enough to allow her a margin for saving, would encourage thrift, and give her a feeling of partnership and a keener interest in the financial progress of the family.

Blairmore Branch, Bellevue Branch, J. M. Windsor, Manager, Hillcrest, sub. to Bellevue.

Coleman OPERA HOUSE SATURDAY October 27

Direction of The United Producing Co., Ltd.
Special Engagement of the Representative Scottish Comedian

Billy Oswald

("Is Tha' a Fac?")

Leading Comedian with the late "Alladin" Company and his

SUNSHINE GIRLS

"HENPECKED HENRY"

A Musical Farce in Two Acts
Gorgeously Staged and Gowned.

Supporting Cast includes Katherine Sheldon, Beatrice Carmel, Lucille Thomas, Howard Murrell, Bruce Kent, and the "Sunshine Girls" Chorus.

Seat Sale open at McBurney's Drug Store, Coleman. Prices: \$1.00 Adults; Children 50c.

Examination of a candidate for military service at Calgary this week disclosed the fact that his heart was on the right side. Otherwise the man was physically fit.

A special train with a number of guests of the St. Lawrence Bridge Co. crossed the now completed Quebec bridge from shore to shore on Wednesday.

Light Consumers Must Install Meters.

A special meeting of the Blairmore council was held on Tuesday night, to further consider the light question.

The following proposition made by the Blairmore Hardware Co. was on motion by Christopher Lagace accepted, and the mayor and secretary-treasurer were authorized to enter into agreement with the said company for the supplying of the necessary meters.

The Blairmore Hardware Company agrees to furnish the Town of Blairmore with 100 meters, more or less, 100 volts, 5 amperes, single phase, for rental purposes at the rate of 25 cents per meter per calendar month, payable monthly, time to be computed from the time meters are delivered to the Town by the Blairmore Hardware Company till they are returned in good order by the Town to the above company.

It is further understood that the Town is to be responsible for all such meters while in their possession and for the rental of all such meters in good order.

The Town may sell any or all such meters as they may see fit to do so, the Town to receive five per cent. of the selling price for affecting the transaction, the selling price to be set by the Blairmore Hardware Company from time to time, according to market conditions.

Meters could be supplied in eight or ten days after agreement has been entered into.

On motion by Rosse-Lagace, it was decided to adopt a meter system, requiring all consumers to install meters or otherwise be deprived of the service, and the secretary was instructed to notify all flat-rate patrons that no current will be guaranteed them, except through meters, after November 15th, 1917.

A communication was received from John Turner, acknowledging receipt of acceptance of his tender No. 2, and asking as to whether he should order the material necessary direct or have the order sent through the town and consigned to the town. On motion by Dutil-McVey, the secretary-treasurer was instructed to advise Mr. Turner to order the necessary material, same to be shipped direct to the town.

Special Notice To Users Electric Light

Take notice that the Council of the Town of Blairmore will immediately commence to install meters in all places within the town connected, or to be connected, with the present light system. It is expected that all installations will be completed by November 15th, 1917, after which date flat rates will be discontinued and all service not taken through meter will be cut off.

Meters will be rented, with the option of purchase, on conditions to be announced as soon as regulations governing the light service are completed.

By order of
Blairmore Town Council,
F. WRIGHT, Sec'y,
Blairmore, Alberta,
October 18, 1917.

Premier Stewart Announces New Cabinet

Announcement regarding the personnel of the new provincial cabinet was made by Premier Stewart on Wednesday, following the swearing in of the new provincial secretary, Hon. George P. Smith, of Camrose, and the new minister of public works, Hon. Archie McLean, of Taber, which took place at the office of His Honor Lieutenant Governor Brett at the parliament buildings, Edmonton. The new cabinet is as follows:

President of the Council and Minister of Railways and Telephones—Hon. Charles Stewart of Killam.

Minister of Public Works—Hon. Archie J. McLean, of Taber.

Minister of Education—Hon. J. R. Boyle, Edmonton.

Attorney General—Hon. C. W. Cross, Edmonton.

Provincial Treasurer—Hon. C. R. Mitchell, Edmonton.

Minister of Agriculture—Hon. Duncan Marshall, Olds.

Minister of Municipal Affairs—Hon. Wilfrid Gariepy, Edmonton.

Provincial Secretary—Hon. George P. Smith, Camrose.

Premier Stewart, was also sworn in as Minister of Railways and Telephones, but the other ministers were not required to take the oath of office as they retain their former portfolios.

Hon. A. J. McLean became provincial secretary at the time Premier Sifton formed a government in 1910 and he has held that portfolio ever since. He now succeeds Hon. Charles Stewart as minister of public works, one of the most important departments in the government. Mr. McLean is an old timer in Southern Alberta, having been engaged in the ranching business here since the early days. He is looked upon as a sound business administrator. He is a native of the township of Aldboro in the county of Elgin, Ontario. He first came west to Manitoba in 1881. He sits for the constituency of Taber. He first entered the legislature in 1909. He is a Presbyterian.

Hon. George P. Smith, the new member of the government, entered the legislature first in 1909 and has sat for Camrose ever since. Like Mr. McLean he always has a big majority; in the last two provincial elections his majorities were over a thousand. He conducted a newspaper at Camrose. He is an excellent platform speaker and debater. He participated in the last general elections in England, having spoken from the same platform as Lloyd George. Mr. Smith has travelled much and is a particularly well informed man. Mr. Smith was born in McGillivray township, Middlesex county, August 26th, 1873. He taught school for a number of years, and came west in 1891. He began his business career in Alberta as a general merchant at Dubamel. He is a Presbyterian.

It is worthy of note that with two exceptions, Premier Stewart and Hon. Wilfrid Gariepy, all the members of the Alberta government are Presbyterians.

The cabinet changes will necessitate a bye-election in Camrose, but not in Taber, as Mr. Smith is assuming for the first time, a place in the government.

Sweaters Sweaters Sweaters

Specials For Pay Day

Sweaters for Men, Women and Children, all varieties and prices, from 75c to \$12.00. Our "Pride of The West" Hand-Knitted Sweaters, just in, are surely beautiful goods, made from the best selected yarn. Fast dye. See our window

Special Discount of Ten Per Cent.

Blairmore Trading Co.

THE STORE THAT SELLS FOR LESS

Pay - Day Specials

Five Roses Flour at \$5.95 sack
Fry's Cocoa 30c-half pound.
Cocoa's Cocoa in half-pound tins 30c.
No. 1 Apples \$2.35 per case
No. 2 Apples \$2.40 per case
No. 3 Apples \$2.60 per case
Pears at \$2.75 per case, suitable for pickling
Salmon 10c, two for 25c, two for 35c, and up to 50c can.
Pure Coffee, whole or ground, 3 pounds for one dollar.
Olive Oil, quarts \$1.15, half gallon \$2.25. Pure Maple Syrup, 1/2 gal. \$1.20
Laundry Soap, "White Knight" or "Royal Crown," 50c case.
(Soaps are going to famine prices, so buy now)
Pure Vinegar 50c gallon. Teels, Spices, Coriander, etc. Now is the time to make that Xmas Cake. Tip Top Goods at Bottom Prices.

J. Handley

Phone 52

Auto Garage And Repair Shop

Fully equipped to do all kinds of repair work to Automobiles and Cycles at shortest notice.
—Parts and Accessories, Oils and Gasoline Stocked—

Auto Livery in Connection.

GARAGE PHONE 82

RESIDENCE PHONE 22

Shops: Dearborn St., next Gresham blacksmith shop
A. A. Shearer, Blairmore

Buy The Best

Burns' "SHAMROCK" Brand of Hams, Bacon and Lard have an excellent flavor of their own.

F. Burns & Co., Ltd.

cessitate a bye-election in Camrose, but not in Taber, as Mr. Smith is assuming for the first time, a place in the government.

Trio of Artists To Be Here Soon

Rederme Hollinshead, Canada's greatest tenor, who is to appear at the Blairmore Opera House on the night of October 26th, under the auspices of the Blairmore branch of the Red Cross Society, in conjunction with his brother, Harold R. Hollinshead, concert baritone, elocutionist, lecturer and character delineator, and Gerald Moore, English boy pianist, is one of the outstanding voices of the present decade. New York critics are unanimous in praise of his voice, and prophesied a great career in grand opera for him, but the two brothers have decided to unite their forces and will in future devote their time to the concert stage for which they are so eminently adapted.

In the near future it is their intention to make a tour of the British possessions. There are but few promising pianists in Canada today as Gerald Moore. Although only seventeen years of age he has already gained phenomenal success. Music lovers are promised a rare treat with these three artists.

The casualty lists of yesterday contain the name of Alfred Kelly, of Cowley, of the medical service, died on active service. The name also appears of Sapper George Dorvalier, taken on the strength at Coleman, who is wounded. His next of kin is at Drumheller.

THE INTERNATIONAL Coal and Coke Company, Ltd.

Operates the

DENISON COLLIERIES AT COLEMAN, ALBERTA.

Mines High Grade Steam
and Coking Coal.
Manufacturers of the Best
Coke on the Market.

MAKE MONEY EASY

If you would do so, invest in town
lots in the most substantially found-
ed and best business community in
The Cross' Nest Pass

THAT PLACE IS COLEMAN.

Write to or apply at the head office of

**THE INTERNATIONAL
Coal and Coke Company, Ltd.**
At Coleman, Alberta.

WEST CANADIAN COLLIERIES LIMITED

"GREENHILL" COAL

High Grade Domestic Lump \$6.50 Delivered
Steam \$5.50 Delivered

See all Local Delivery Concerns

We deliver coal to employees only.

BLAIRMORE - - - ALTA.

A. Morency

Plumber, Steamfitter, Tinsmith,
Light Hardware & Enamelware

All work promptly attended to. Victoria Street, Blairmore

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

We supply nearly all The Pass stores.
The Imperial is the best that can be obtained.
Let us show you samples and quote prices.

The 'Enterprise,' Blairmore

J. Delicate Contractor & Builder

Dealer in Rough and Dressed Lumber
Shingles, Lath, Doors, Windows, Etc.

Deliveries at Bellevue, Hillcrest, Passburg and Frank

Lumber Yards and Office at

Hillcrest - - - Alberta

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

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Blairmore, Alberta.
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\$2.00 per annum. Foreign subscription
\$2.50. Payable in advance.
Business locals, 15c. per line.
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tion; 10c. per line for each
subsequent insertion.
Display Advertising Rates on Application.
W. J. BARTLEY, Proprietor.

Blairmore, Alta., Fri., Oct. 19, 1917

American Donation To Canadian Red Cross

It is sometimes said that there is no
sentiment in business, but it is true that
in these days particularly, sentiment
plays a very large part in business. And
when sentiment tends to draw allied na-
tions still closer together, it is, perhaps,
the very best kind of business.

An experience with this kind of senti-
ment came to the notice of the dis-
patchman of the Canadian Pacific Rail-
way at Calgary a short time ago. Mr.
W. G. Fraser, of the moral training sta-
tion at San Francisco, had a balance of
fifty dollars coming to him on a hand
transaction with the company. As Mr.
Fraser is now lined up with Uncle Sam's
fighting forces he desired that the money
should go to some patriotic purpose, and
wrote the C.P.R. asking them to turn it
over to the Canadian Red Cross. He
might, of course, have had it paid direct
to him, or to some American patriotic
society, but he elected that it should go
to the Canadian Red Cross, which a few
days ago received a cheque for the
amount.

Educational Department Food Controller's Office

Canada and the United States probably
will be able to provide for the Allies' re-
quirements of cereals for the winter
during the next twelve months.

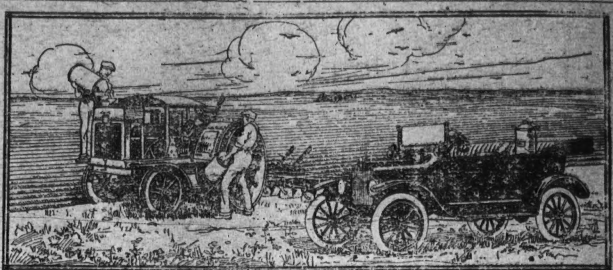
The Allied peoples themselves have
been economizing with wheat and wheat
flour. As Lord Northcote said in Mon-
tral, "There is no such thing as a white
bread in the Old Country, King's
table downwards." Other cereals are
being used but they cannot be used alone
for bread. The Allies must add them to
wheat flour to make the war bread now
in universal use in European countries.
Except in Italy, where the people nor-
mally consume much corn, substitute for
corn is not in Europe. Cornmeal, not
being a durable commodity, cannot be
shipped across the ocean in great quan-
tities.

The Allies must have a wheat base
for their war loaf. Unless the
people of Canada and the United States
are willing to substitute other cereals for
part of the wheat flour, they will be
unable to supply the Allies. They will be
deprived of many thousands of
people. Substitution of at least one
pound of other cereals for one pound of
wheat flour weekly, per person, would
save a very large quantity of wheat for
export. It would still be far short of
meeting the normal consumption require-
ments of the Allies but it would save the
situation.

"Billy" Oswald Coming to Coleman in "Henpecked Henry"

(Is This a Fact?)

At this particular time in the coun-
try's history, when nearly every human
has all the trouble and grief that human
nature can bear, the theatre would not
be performing its proper mission if it did
not offer theatre-goers entertainment far
and away from their daily lines of
thought. For that reason, comedy should
be given to them and plenty of it, without
in the least detracting from the serious
theatre, they also get diversion and an oppor-
tunity of forgetting the serious things of
the times. It is an accepted scientific
fact that only by so doing can people
maintain normal and efficient. The United
Producing Co., Ltd., have taken this into
consideration in their selection of their
attractions for this season, and particu-
larly so the Musical Comedy, "Hen-
pecked Henry." Mr. Billy Oswald, the
well-known Scottish comedian and fa-
vorite in Canada, is playing the title role
in this play, and from the manner in
which he portrays this character, one
would almost think he had experienced
each and every situation in real life. The
story deals with a "henpecked" married
man, a banker who unfortunately gets
into some mix-up that causes suspicion
and talkative wife, and who is the prin-
cipal in a myriad of funny situations
that cause him a great deal of embar-
rassment and many explanations. These
situations follow each other so rapidly
that they keep an audience entertained
with laughter from the time the curtain
rises on the first act until it falls on the
last scene. In addition to Mr. Oswald
the supporting cast includes Katherine
Blanchard, "Heather," Emma, Lucille
Thomas, Howard Marshall and Bruce
Kent and the "Sunshine Girls"
chorus. All of the many musical num-
bers offered by the principals and chorus
are up to the minute, new song hits and



The Ford is Now Considered a Necessity for Large-Scale Farming

WHETHER you are doing work on a large scale, or a small
scale, you endeavor to reduce the delays of your farm
machinery to a minimum and save time. A Ford will assist
you in doing these two things.

If your tractor runs short of gasoline, the Ford will bring a few ears
right to the spot and greatly shorten the delay. Or if you need
a repair, or some new plow points, you can "run" the errand to
town and back in one-third the time it would take with a horse
and rig.

With a Ford you can supervise the work on your ranch much more
thoroughly. You can get your mail and supplies of feed, and take
more enjoyment out of prairie life. A Ford will do all these things
and many more, and at the same time save you money.

The strength and endurance of the Ford has been proved the
world over. It is equal to the western roads and the distances.

The Ford is the car for the Western Farmer.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout - \$475
Touring - \$485
Complet -
Sedan -

J. O. FORD, ONT.

DUTIL & ROBBINS, Dealers, Blairmore

are gorgeously staged and costumed. If
you want to forget your troubles and
worries for two hours and a half, don't
miss "Henpecked Henry" with Billy
Oswald at the Coleman Opera House,
Saturday, October 27th.

A Great Transport

United States naval architects, in their
work of preparing the giant German
liner Vaterland for use as a transport,
discovered that the big ship had been de-
signed primarily for that purpose. A
Washington dispatch says:

"The giant Vaterland, outwardly a
floating passenger palace, when stripped
of her ornaments, is the world's greatest
troop transport. As if this submarine
was forced the Vaterland is equipped
to withstand submarine attack better
than any boat afloat. Gun platforms for
a whole flock of rapid fire, were cumu-
lately built into her. Her speed enables
her to run away. Through a system of
water-tight compartments she is pecu-
liarly unsinkable. If struck squarely by
two or three torpedoes the world would
afloat."

The suitability of the Vaterland for
transport purposes has highlighted the
suspicion that she was built especially to
carry a little army for a surprise attack
on a distant coast—the United States or
Brazil in all probability—if things had
gone as the Kaiser planned and our turn
had come."

With this great liner, capable of ac-
commodating almost ten thousand troops,
and with deck room enough for a whole
regiment to deploy, America will be able
to send overseas upwards of twenty thou-
sand soldiers each month. How wonder-
ful that the Washington correspondent
ends his description of Germany's war
preparations with the terse "Thank you
very much." The Vaterland is a floating proof
of the thoroughness of Germany's war
preparations—a striking reminder that
Captain von Goetz was not boasting when
he told Dewey in Manila about Germany's
war intentions fifteen years later.

The Vanishing Elk

Next in importance to big-horn sheep,
though least in numbers, among the
Rocky Mountain big game, is the Ameri-
can elk or wauti. It once ranged nearly
the entire continent, in millions, but is
now reduced so greatly that it has be-
come possible to take a reasonably ac-
curate count of its numbers. Its habitat
was originally from Mexico to the Peace
river and from the Pacific to the Atlantic,
between the St. Lawrence and the coast
of South Carolina. Today, a few
scattered bands along the Rockies be-
tween Colorado and the Brazos river
and some isolated herds in the forests of
northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan
comprise the entire wild elk left in North

America. Probably the total does not
exceed 60,000 head, less than 5,000 of
which are found in Canada. In the
Rockies there are probably from 115 to
255, of which the insignificant remnant
in the valley of the Brazos is the last of
the original elk herds of Alberta. These
now found in the south are British Col-
umbian elk that have migrated to the East
since the inauguration of a closed
season on elk in Alberta some five or six
years ago.

Elk are grazing animals, but have been
forced to become forest dwellers. They
live principally on grass, weeds and low
brush, such as small poplar, birch and
willows. This dependence upon areas
and weed range and the inability to
subsist on browse alone introduces some
important elements into the problem of
their permanent preservation which are
not prominent in relation to the other
big game of the Rockies.

They are the largest round horned deer
in the world, and, except in Yellow-
stone park, and possibly in Alberta and
British Columbia, where about a year
have been established just in time, are
rapidly following in the wake of the bu-
falo and antelope. Only very drastic
measures taken at once will save them
from total extermination in Canada.—
Adapted from an Address by W. N.
Miller, published in "Conservation of
Fish, Birds and Game."

Devil Wants to Resign

The devil sat by a lake of fire on a pile
of sulphur kegs, his head bowed
upon his breast, his tail between his
legs, a look of shame was on his face,
the sparks dripped from his eyes—he had
sent his punishment to the firemen up in
the sky. "I'm down and out," the
devil said—he said it with a sob—"there
are others that outclass me and I want
to quit the job. Hell isn't in it with the
kind that live along the Rhine; I'm a bas-
tard and a piker and therefore I resign."
one ammunition maker with his bludge-
not and shell, knows more about dan-
ger than all theimps of hell. Give my
job to Kaiser Wilhelm, the author of this
war, he understands it better. A million
times by far. I hate to leave the old
home, the spot I love so well, but I feel
that I'm not up-to-date in the art of
running hell."—Laurel Outlook.

Central Union Church

Service Sunday morning at 11.15 eve-
ning at 7.30.
Baptist Sunday School at 10.30.
Union Sunday School at 2.30.
James Petron, Pastor.

Drill Sergeant:—"When I says
"Attila" lift the foot that's on the
ground and place it in the air, side the
cheek in the hair, and stand
still."

Canadian Patriotic Fund (South Alberta Branch) Receipts From South Alberta Constituencies.

Constituency	Allotment for 12 months	Sept.
Acadia	\$ 10,000	\$ 923.50
Bow Valley	6,100	100.10
Calgary	120,000	5,827.19
Cardston	7,100	
Clareholm	6,000	
Cochrane	7,100	
Coronation	10,000	300.00
Didsbury		
Drumheller District	15,000	
Edmonton	10,000	250.00
Grand Hills	10,000	10.00
High River	10,000	10.00
Innisfail	8,000	22.75
Little Bow	12,000	
Lethbridge	65,000	2,800.00
Medicine Hat	6,000	9.00
Medicine Hat	20,000	508.05
Nanton	6,000	680.15
Okeoka	8,000	8.10
Olds	7,000	
Pincher Creek	6,000	
Red Deer	12,000	1,000.00
Red Deer	1,000	
Rocky Mountain	25,000	180.00
Stettin	15,000	1,068.75
Taber	15,000	
Warner	2,000	

Provincial Government	\$ 14,000.00
Employees	3,724.93
Staff of University of	
Alberta	185.42
Sundry Contributions	37.01
Interest	94.87
	\$14,745.48
Number of Families	2,333
Number of Individuals	7,332
Amount disbursed	\$ 49,034.05
Administration Expenses	
-Paid by Fund	292.57
-Paid by Provincial Govt.	623.00
T. M. TWEDDIE, President.	
A. TURNER, Secretary.	

The west has two premiers who
are farmers, Hon. T. O. Norris,
of Manitoba, and Hon. Charles Stewart,
of Alberta.

Blairmore Lodge, No. 68, meets in their
Hall, 880 Victoria St., every Tuesday at
8 p.m. Visiting brethren welcome.
W. MCVEY, N. G. WOODWARD, R. O.
CROWNE, N. E. CAMPBELL, N. B.
Moss in the I. O. O. F. Hall every
second and fourth Wednesday.
W. EVANS, C. P. W. J. BARTLEY, R. S.

Devonshire.
(L.S.)



CANADA

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern—GREETING:
A Proclamation enjoining on the men comprised in Class 1 as described by the Military Service Act, 1917.

E. H. McEwen
The Deputy Minister of Justice,
Canada.

And Whereas the defence thereof is at any time when it appears advisable so to do by reason of emergency;

And Whereas that part of our militia of Canada known as the Canadian Expeditionary Force is now engaged in active service overseas for the defence and security of Canada, the preservation of the Empire and of human liberty; and it is necessary owing to the exigencies of the war to provide reinforcements for our said Expeditionary Force in addition to those whose induction or circumstances have permitted them to volunteer;

And Whereas by reason of the large number of men who have already left agricultural and industrial pursuits in our Dominion of Canada in order to join our Expeditionary Force as volunteers, and by reason of the necessity of maintaining under these conditions the productivity or output of agriculture and industry in our said Dominion, we have determined by and with the advice and consent of our Senate and House of Commons of Canada that it is expedient to secure the men so required, not by ballot as provided by our said Militia Act, but by selective draft; such re-enforcement, under the provisions of the Military Service Act, 1917, hereinafter referred to, not to exceed one hundred thousand men;

And Whereas it is accordingly enacted in and by the provisions of an Act of our Parliament of Canada, holden in the 7th and 8th years of our reign, and known as the Military Service Act, 1917, that every one of our male subjects who comes within one of the classes described and intended by the said Act shall be liable to be called out on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada, either within or beyond Canada; and that his service shall be for the duration of the present war and demobilization after the conclusion of the war;

And Whereas the men who are, under the provisions of the said Act, liable to be called out, are comprised in the classes of which Class 1 is, by the provisions of the said Act, deemed to consist of all our male subjects, ordinarily, or at any time since the 4th day of August, 1914, resident in Canada, who have attained the age of twenty years, who were born not earlier than the year 1853, and who on the 6th day of July, 1917, unmarried, or are widowers but have no child, and who are not within any of the following exemptions:

EXEMPTIONS.—

1. Members of our regular, or reserve, or auxiliary forces, as defined by our Army Act.
2. Members of our military forces raised by the Governments of any of our other dominions or by our Government of India.
3. Men serving in our Royal Navy, or in our Royal Marine, or in our Naval Service of Canada, and members of our Canadian Expeditionary Force.
4. Men who have since August 4th, 1914, served in our Military or Naval Forces, or in those of our allies, in any theatre of actual war, and have been honourably discharged therefrom.
5. Clergy, including members of any recognized order of an exclusively religious character, and ministers of all religious denominations existing in Canada at the date of the passing of our said Military Service Act.
6. Those persons exempted from military service by Order in Council of August 13th, 1915, and by Order in Council of December 6th, 1916.

And Whereas it is moreover provided by our said Military Service Act that our Governor-General of Canada in Council may from time to time by proclamation call out on active service as aforesaid any class of men in the Dominion of Canada, and that all men within the class so called out shall, from the date of such proclamation, be deemed to be soldiers enlisted in the military service of Canada, and subject to military law, save in so far as the said Act otherwise provides; and that the men so called out shall report and shall be placed on active service in the Canadian Expeditionary Force as may be ordered in such proclamation, and that in the said Act it is provided that they shall, until so placed on active service, be deemed to be on leave of absence without pay;

And Whereas it is also provided by the said Act that at any time any man before a date to be fixed by proclamation an application may be made, by or in respect of any man in the class to be called out, to one of our local tribunals, established in the manner provided by the said Act in the provinces in which such man ordinarily resides, for a certificate of exemption from service upon any of the following

GROUNDS OF EXEMPTION.—

- (a) That it is expedient in the national interest that the man should, instead of being employed in military service, be engaged in other work in which he is habitually engaged;
- (b) That it is expedient in the national interest that the man should, instead of being employed in military service, be engaged in other work in which he wishes to be engaged and for which he has special qualifications;
- (c) That it is expedient in the national interest that, instead of being employed in military service, he should continue to be educated or trained for any work for which he is then being educated or trained;
- (d) That serious hardship would ensue, if the man were placed on active service, owing to his exceptional financial or business obligations or domestic position;
- (e) Ill health or infirmity;
- (f) That he conscientiously objects to the undertaking of combatant service, and is prohibited from so doing by the tenets and articles of faith in effect on the sixth day of July, 1917, of any organized religious denomination existing and well recognized in Canada at such date, and to which he is in good faith belongs;

And that if any of the grounds of such application be established, a certificate of exemption shall be granted to such man.

And Whereas moreover it is enacted in and by the provisions of an Act of our Parliament of Canada holden in the 7th and 8th years of our reign and known as the War Time Elections Act, that certain persons thereby disqualified from voting, with such of their sons as on polling day are not of legal age, shall be exempt from combatant military and naval service;

And Whereas it is further provided by our said Military Service Act that applications for exemption from service shall be determined by our said local tribunals, subject to appeal as in the said Act provided, and that any man, by or in respect of whom an application for exemption from service is made, shall, so long as such application or any appeal in connection therewith is pending, and during the currency of any exemption granted him, be deemed to be on leave of absence without pay;

And Whereas our Governor-General of Canada in Council has determined the men included in Class 1, as in the said Act and hereinafter defined or described;

Now Therefore Know Ye that we do hereby call out the said Class 1, comprising the men in our said Military Service Act, 1917, and hereinafter defined or described as to the said class belonging, on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada, either within or beyond Canada, as we may, in the command or direction of our Military Forces, hereafter order or direct.

And we do hereby strictly command, require and enjoin that each man who is a member of the said class shall, on or before the 10th day of November, 1917, in the prescribed form and manner, report himself for military service, unless application for his exemption shall then have been made by him or by another person entitled to apply on his behalf; wherein our loving subjects, members of the said class, are especially charged not to fail since not only do their loyalty and allegiance require and impose the obligation of careful and implicit obedience to these strict commands and injunctions, but moreover, lest our loving subjects should be ignorant of the consequences which will ensue if they fail to report within the time limited as aforesaid, we do hereby forewarn and admonish them that any one who is hereby called out, and who without reasonable excuse fails to report as aforesaid, shall thereby commit an offence, for which he shall be liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years with hard labour, and he shall nevertheless, if we so require, be compelled to serve immediately in our said Expeditionary Force.

And we do hereby proclaim and enjoin that for the greater convenience of our subjects, we have devised that prescribed form, for reporting for service, and for application for exemption from service, may, at any time on or before the said 10th day of November, 1917, be obtained at any post office in our Dominion of Canada, and that reports for service and applications for exemption from service, if obtained at any of our said post offices and properly executed, shall be forwarded by our postmaster at the post office from which the same are obtained to their proper destinations as by our regulations prescribed, free of postage or any other charge.

And we do further inform and notify our loving subjects that local tribunals have been established in convenient localities throughout our Dominion of Canada for the hearing of applications for exemption from service upon any of the statutory grounds as hereinafter set out; that these local tribunals so established will begin to sit in the discharge of their duties on the 8th day of November, 1917, and that they will continue to sit from day to day thereafter, as may be necessary or convenient, at such times and places as shall be duly notified, until all applications for exemption from service shall have been heard and disposed of; also that men belonging to the class hereby called out who have not previously to the said 8th day of November, 1917, reported for service, or forwarded applications for exemption through any of our post offices as aforesaid, may make applications in person for exemption from service to any of our said tribunals on the 8th, 9th or 10th day of November, 1917.

And we do hereby moreover notify and inform our loving subjects who are within the class hereby called out, that if, on or before the 10th day of November, 1917, they report to themselves for military service, or if, on or before that day, application for exemption from service be made by them or on their behalf, they will not be required to report for duty, or be placed upon active service as aforesaid, until a day, not earlier than the 10th day of December, 1917, which will, by our registers for the province in which they reported or applied, be notified to them in writing by registered post at their respective addresses as given in their reports for service, or applications for exemption from service, or on service, or forwarded applications for exemption through any of our said post offices, and we do hereby inform, forewarn and admonish the men belonging to the class hereby called out that if any of them shall, without just and sufficient cause, fail to report for duty at the time and place required by notice in writing so posted, or shall fail to report for duty as otherwise by law required, he shall be subject to the process, pains and penalties by law prescribed as against military deserters.

Of all of which our loving subjects, and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice, render strict obedience to and compliance with all these our commands, directions and requirements, and governing themselves accordingly.

In Testimony Whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Council and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Kelchley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter, One of Our Most Honourable Privy Counsellors, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this TWELFTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and in the eighth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

Thomas Mulvey

Under-Secretary of State.

Now is The Time

To Order Your

Xmas Greeting Cards

Full Line of Samples
Now on Display at

"The Enterprise"

Live Agent wanted to canvas the district. Liberal Commission.

Cowley Happenings

John Carney has purchased a new Chevrolet car.

A basket social and school fair will be held in the town hall on November the 2nd. Watch for further announcements.

The Women's Institute served a lunch at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Robinson on Thursday last, and cleared a tidy sum.

Miss Mattie Wiltoughby, of Burmick is back again at her sister's, Mrs. E. McEwen's, that she may attend the village school for another term.

After spending a few days here as the guest of her brother, Richard, Miss Blanche Alexander has returned home, where she will take up her school duties again.

The Women's Institute will give their annual Red Cross dance on Friday, October the 26th. Everything is being done that can be to give everybody who comes a good time.

Rev. W. T. Young came down from Frank on Tuesday night with the necessary materials with which to make Miss Charlotte Mary Wiltoughby and Mr. Arthur Goodwin man and wife.

The happy event took place on Wednesday at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Ernest McEwen, and was witnessed by a number of friends of the contracting parties. The happy couple left on the evening train for Calgary and other points north and after a brief honeymoon trip will return to make their home in Cowley.

The Anglican church was beautifully decorated on Sunday last with garlands, fruits and flowers, when a large congregation was present to hear the Thanksgiving services which were conducted by

Rev. McMichael in his able and most earnest manner. After the services were the sacrament of baptism was administered, when two infants, one of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest McEwen and the other of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Smyth, were baptised. The sacrament of Holy Communion was also administered on Monday morning.

Handsome Contribution To British Red Cross

Blairmore responded nobly to the call for aid sent by the British Red Cross. A canvass of the town resulted in a substantial contribution of cash, which amounted to \$100. Fifty dollars of this total was donated by Mr. Charnbonnier.

The tea held at the home of Inspector and Mrs. J. J. J. was the most successful one the society has ever managed. An abundance of good things, made and donated by members and friends, sold rapidly. A handsome Christmas cake, baked and decorated in Mrs. Plunkney's own style, brought \$15.10 in a raffle. Mrs. J. W. Wiltoughby held the lucky tickets. Fully fifty people attended during the afternoon.

The proceeds to date make a total of \$171.20. The members of the local branch wish to thank everyone who assisted in any way, and feel proud in forwarding this amount to Calgary, from whence it is to be sent direct to the British Red Cross funds.

W. Duncan
Custom
Tailor

Suits Made To Order
Full Range of Samples
Tweeds, Serges, Etc.

Clothes Cleaned, Pressed
and Repaired at
Short Notice

Near Railway Depot
Frank Alberta

The Kaiser's Dream

The Kaiser led him down to enslave
Upon his little bed,
But his slumbers were not peaceful,
Frightful things ran thru his head
'Twas after he had gone to bed
The devil's moving picture show,
Presented scenes like these:

There were Lusitania babies,
And mothers mourning tears;
What did you want to kill us for?
They shouted in his ears.
There were maimed, helpless Belgians
From their murdered parents torn;
They themselves outraged and murdered,
And their pleading laughed to scorn.
But this show's not over, Kaiser,

The worst is yet to come,
Tis but the conscience warning
Of an ignominious doom.
There's a brilliant light approaching
Don't it burn your brain like Hell?
It forms six English letters,
And it spells the name CAVELL.

What are these forms approaching?
Is that the war drums roll?

'Tis a million khaki devils,
And they're after your damned soul,
It'll take a shaming picture
When you've bid this world farewell
Flinging other men's bones and
Squinting, bleeding, there in Hell.
N. A. Wilkins.

Edmonton is counting upon getting a much larger C.P.R. depot.

NO FIGHTING FOR THE SAFER FOR THE COLORED PEOPLE

PEOPLE'S UNITY SIGNIFICANT SIGN OF THE TIMES

A New World is the Goal Towards Which the Allied Nations Are Marching When Democracy Deceases That the Government Of a Nation Becomes the Sovereign Will of the People

To maintain the war spirit of the nation is as imperative a task as the maintenance of reinforcements and supplies at the front. In olden days wars were carried on by kings or governments through military commanders. The attitude of that nation at large was not a matter of supreme importance in the carrying on of a campaign. But times have changed. In democratic countries, the whole nation, not the government only, goes to war. No longer is the military commander in the field left to his own devices, no longer are ministers concerned only with the maintenance of an army in the field. The war spirit must be kept alive at home, which, to an extent undreamt of in Napoleonic times, is the base of military operations. In democratic countries, the nation through parliament, with the consent of democratic representatives, nowdays forsake the house for the public platform. It is a sign of the times, and the world is in the silent revolution which is bringing in its train, that the prime minister of the United Kingdom, Mr. Lloyd George, in a recent speech, called on the British democracy to "get a new spirit" he had in mind at the time, pointing barrier which German military aggression interposed between the British nation and the full consummation of their hopes. But the war has not been an unmitigated evil. It has carried the reforming spirit of the British nation stages farther along the road of social and political redemption than have the best of times. It has been the declining days of the Asquith-Lloyd George government.

In that new world, the parliament must take its place not as the machinery of a government or a party, but as the sovereign spirit of the nation. Unthinking observers of the effects of the war upon parliament have in the breakdown of the representative chamber the inherent limitations of democracy as a governing force in time of war. But the conclusion of Mr. Balfour, standing on the threshold of the new world, is that the British democracy, in the past, the people of the Allied nations echo Mr. Balfour's challenge. We have asked our last dollar of democracy, and if democracy fails, we are bankrupt indeed. —Toronto Globe.

Spies in South America

German Agents Well Organized in Buenos Ayres for Enemy Work

Coming closely after Secretary of State Lansing's revelations of German-Swedish intrigue, the New York Times publishes the following article from its correspondents in Buenos Ayres, under date of August 18:

The unusual activities of German spies in this city, the capital of the United States, have led to the discovery of an espionage bureau which has been organized by the German government for German activities in South America.

It was through an accident that the espionage activities were discovered. These were revealed through the opening of a letter which was wrongly delivered to the office of royal settlements. On reading the letter he turned it over to the foreign office.

The president of the Argentine Republic immediately started searching enquirer with the result that it has been learned that the bureau is being financed from Germany and that it is housed in the elaborate residence of a German nobleman who is now living in a hotel.

A secret wireless outfit has been discovered in a house on United States street and was demolished. It had been asserted for some time by allied representatives here that German espionage agents in Buenos Ayres have been in direct communication with Berlin by means of the Buenos Ayres cable. The information is sent by wireless from Madrid.

No Dancing in Germany

Severe measures are taken in Germany against any kind of public or unseemly dancing. A recent article mentions that a company of young people set off the other day for a moonlight trip to the lake. When the steamer was crowded, police inspectors suddenly came on board and forbade the party. On the ground that the authorities had discovered the intention of the trippers to hold a dance at a house by the lake. The young folk therefore travelled by rail to another place, and made arrangements to go on the trip. Before the fun was well started the police arrived, on the scene, and the dance was impending. Paragraphs of this kind are not uncommon in the German press. A recent article in the Berliner Neueste Nachrichten says: "The German government has established for war-time. —The British Weekly.

Revels in New Found Liberty Appeals to Socialists for Help

Light of Freedom at Last for Russian Jews

There is no more buoyant soul in Russia today than the Jew. At least, reveals in the new-found liberty without attempting to fool away his blessing in the past. Dr. S. M. Melamed, in a thrilling review of the sufferings of the Hebrew race in that country, reveals the critics of the present government that their task can only be appreciated when it is borne in mind what they have to do to uproot the prejudices that cling to the traditional hatred of the Jew.

According to an old Russian law, the Jews have no right to reside outside of a certain place, or settlement comprising Poland, Lithuania, and some Southern Russian provinces belonging to the Ukraine driven in the pale of the settlement, there was only one university, Warsaw, and that only for certain number of students.

Those young Jewish intellectuals, especially women, who had succeeded in passing the school examinations could only enter a university at the rate of 3 per cent, that is to say, of a hundred students, only five could be Jews, and in other universities, the proportion was even smaller.

The intellectual, ambitious Russian Jew, who has received a rational and academic training, had only one hope—to go to St. Petersburg, or to the capital of the empire, where the women's universities there. As a Jewess, she had no right to reside in the capital, and the police would not grant her the right of residence, on condition that she take a "yellow passport" and register herself as a prostitute.

Hundreds of girls preferred to forego their academic training, rather than accept such humiliating conditions, while others, more ambitious, often turned to crime. The police, did comply with the conditions of the police. However, upon discovering these girls, they were following a low life, were devoted to studies and lived an honest life, the police would arrest them and send them home to their native communities like criminals.

It happened that the watching policemen sent to see whether the unfortunate girls were really low life, would instead of arresting them, first assault them and then send them back to their native communities. In this way, hundreds of Jewish girls, fired with intellectual idealism, were ruined for life, and many of them were sent to prostitution. The tragedy of these girls was indescribable.

It was in this way that Jews were not permitted to live in villages. One day, my native community, writes Dr. Melamed, a district town of the government of Suwalki, faced the necessity of establishing a new Jewish cemetery.

The old cemetery was situated within the barriers of the city. The new cemetery, however, was outside the city. When the first funeral in the new cemetery took place two months ago, the police, instead of the ceremony, claiming that since the Jews had no right to live outside the city, the Jewish corpse could not be buried in the new cemetery. The chief of police argued that the Jews had no right to live outside the city, and that the Jews who lived outside the city were to be sent to the town applied to deal as well as to living Jews. That, at least, was his interpretation of the law.

The representatives of the Jewish community who attended the funeral tried to convince the chief of police that he was misunderstanding the law. In fact, the law in question, Jewish community the cemetery was outside the town and no police could object to its use. The Jewish cemetery for its proper purpose. But the chief of police insisted that the Jews had no right to live outside the city, and that the Jews who lived outside the city were to be sent to the town applied to deal as well as to living Jews. That, at least, was his interpretation of the law.

The representatives of the Jewish community at once appealed to the governor in Vilna, and to the minister of the interior in St. Petersburg. The governor, however, instead of replying was forthcoming from any of the three quarters. Meanwhile, all the Jews had to be buried in the cemetery of a neighboring community, which was a very expensive affair. The Jews had to be buried in the cemetery of a neighboring community, which was a very expensive affair.

The chief of police did not wait for instructions from St. Petersburg, only living Jews have no right to live outside the city. Dead Jews, however, were entitled to that privilege, but he could permit the use of the new cemetery because, in his opinion, the fence was too low. Yet, since he was convinced of the true application of the law as also understood by the representatives of the Jewish community, he did not make any difficulties about using the cemetery. A hundred rabbis reconciled him very quickly to what he termed the "low fence" of the cemetery.

Home-Made Article

The river Clyde has been brought up to its present navigable condition by means of dredging, and the Glasgow people are very proud of it. One day a party of American sightseers turned up their noses at the Clyde. "Why is it a ditch in comparison with our Mississippi, or St. Lawrence, or the Hudson?" they asked. "Well," said a Scotch bystander, "you've got Providence to thank for your rivers, but we've made this ourselves." —Brooklyn Citizen.

Church Bells Make Mutilations

70,000 church bells, destined for the smelter and ultimately for conversion into munitions of war, have been received by big guns at Apeldo, in the Prussian province of Hanover.

Requisitions Horse and Mule Hides

The English army council has taken possession of all horse and mule hides as in stock July 4, and further dealings are prohibited without a license. —Journal of Commerce.

Appeals to Socialists for Help

Austrian Kaiser Takes Counsel With Old Enemy

It is a curious irony of fate, that the present emperor of Austria, who is the son of the late Archduke Otto, should now be appealing to a Socialist, who is the son of his old enemy, in safeguarding his throne, especially when the emperor's father, tried to destroy the Socialist movement. And thereon hangs a tale.

The affair happened in 1895, and was a tremendous sensation. The disgraced of the many scandals with which the Austrian emperor's father, the late Archduke Otto, was connected. The story is well known. Riding one day in the country, Archduke Otto met the funeral procession of a poor peasant, whose relatives and friends were following his body to the grave. Archduke Otto, who was accompanied by several officers, compelled the bearers to put down the coffin in the centre of the road, in order that he might have the pleasure of jumping over it on his horse. This he did several times, backwards and forwards, whilst the mourners looked on in indignation and despair. Archduke Otto and his friends then continued their ride.

Herr Pernerstorfer, who at that time was the Socialist member of the Austrian chamber of deputies, brought the scandal to light in parliament, and denounced Archduke Otto from the rostrum of the chamber. He was found that Archduke Otto had been the perpetrator of the outrage. It was also discovered that Archduke Otto had been the perpetrator of the outrage. It was also discovered that Archduke Otto had been the perpetrator of the outrage.

The next day Pernerstorfer was found in his flat lying on the floor, dead. He had been shot by a bullet from the chest. He had been shot by a bullet from the chest. He had been shot by a bullet from the chest.

Police investigations were made, but they were speedily terminated, because the arrested Archduke Otto had been the perpetrator of the outrage. It was also discovered that Archduke Otto had been the perpetrator of the outrage. It was also discovered that Archduke Otto had been the perpetrator of the outrage.

It is one of the curious ironies of fate that Archduke Otto's son should stand by the imperial family and help him in safeguarding his throne.

West Will Get Apples From East

Price Has Been Fixed to Allow Wholesale and Retail Profit

According to Hon. W. J. Hanna, the public affairs minister, Canada will obtain its apple supply from Nova Scotia. He stated that the British Columbia apples would be used for the present, but that the Nova Scotia apples would be used for the future. He stated that the British Columbia apples would be used for the present, but that the Nova Scotia apples would be used for the future.

Manitoba and Quebec have only 15 per cent of a normal crop, but Nova Scotia has 100 per cent. normal. The latter province usually exports a large quantity of apples, but this year the crop from the east will be diverted to the west and food controller's department has already made arrangements for the distribution of the crop in large lots to the west. The price has also been fixed, and the wholesalers and retailers will be in its distribution on the basis of the fixed price.

Another point made by Mr. Hanna was that it would be a great mistake for Canada to change the standard of its flour. The standard of flour for the present there would be a slight gain if the standard of flour was lowered, but this would be much more, than offset by the loss that would accrue in export trade after the war.

Hardware

Many important prices changes have been made in Western Canada, the changes are particularly numerous. Light and heavy two strap hinges have moved to higher levels. Wrought bolts, machinists hammers, coil chain, black sheets, vices, grinders, steel and iron tools and hack saw blades are among the lines that have been advanced in price.

Window glass has advanced by changing discounts. Insured oil is inclined to a lower price. Business in hardware line is keeping up well. Journal of Commerce.

Canadian Pig Iron Production

With three small plants still unheard from, the total production in Canada during the first three months of 1917 was 276,777 tons, an average of 92,259 tons per month as compared with a monthly production of 97,438 tons during 1916. —Journal of Commerce.

FUTURE OF AIR POWER AND ITS RELATION TO THE WAR

GERMAN RAIDS HAVE DRIVEN HOME A LESSON

Absolute Supremacy of the Air Would Enable the Allies to Carry The War Into German Territory In Such a Way As To Secure Absolute Military Results and to Wear Down Resistance

The German raids on London have driven home one lesson about the use of air power. A bare superiority means to the war in the air continues to be fought over our own territory or that of our Allies. To carry the war into German territory in such a way as to secure definite military results, such a supremacy is needed as will prevent German air forces from being able to carry out their military results, such a supremacy is needed as will prevent German air forces from being able to carry out their military results.

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